## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/31

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills), maximum raw mark 40

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO layout	I Volume given for Rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated.	1	
	MMO Collection	<ul> <li>In the correct spaces, records Initial and final burette readings for Rough titre and; Initial and final burette readings and, volume of FB 2 added recorded for each accurate titre</li> <li>Headings should match readings. Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; More than one final burette reading is 50.(00); Any burette reading is greater than 50.(00)</li> </ul>	1	
	MMO Decisions	III Has two uncorrected, accurate titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> Do <b>not</b> award this mark if having performed two titres within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm <sup>3</sup> from the closer of the initial <b>two</b> titres, unless a fourth titration, within 0.1 cm <sup>3</sup> of the third titration or of the first two titres has also been carried out.	1	
	PDO Recording	IV All accurate burette readings (initial and final) recorded to nearest 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> . Assessed on burette readings only.	1	
	MMO Quality	<ul> <li>V, VI and VII         Round any burette readings to the nearest 0.05 cm<sup>3</sup>         Check and correct subtractions in the titre table.         Select the "best"titre using the hierarchy: two identical; titres within 0.05 cm<sup>3</sup>, titres within 0.10 cm<sup>3</sup> etc.     </li> </ul>	3	
		Award $\underline{V}$ , $\underline{VI}$ and $\underline{VII}$ for a difference to Supervisor within 0.20 cm <sup>3</sup>		
		Award <u>V and VI only</u> for a difference of $0.20 + \text{ cm}^3 - 0.40 \text{ cm}^3$		
		Award <u>V only</u> for a difference of $0.40+ \text{ cm}^3 - 0.80 \text{ cm}^3$ If the selected "best" titres are > 0.50 cm <sup>3</sup> apart, cancel one of the Q marks awarded.		[7]

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(b)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates the mean, correct to 2 decin (third decimal place maybe rounded to 0.05 cm <sup>3</sup> ) from any accurate titres withi <i>A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allows</i> <i>candidate may round up or down to the</i> <i>cm<sup>3</sup></i> . If <b>ALL</b> burette readings are given to 1 decim numerically correct without rounding. <i>Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 (✓)</i> <i>Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 (×)</i> <i>Mean of 24.3 and 24.5 = 24.4 (✓)</i> <b>Titres to be used in calculating the m</b> <i>clearly shown – in an expression or</i> <i>titration table.</i>	the nearest in 0.20 cm <sup>3</sup> . ed but the e nearest 0.05 decimal place tal place if	1	[1]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	No additional factor/expression is all step         If an answer, with no working, is given allow if correct.         I       Uses <sup>15.0</sup> / <sub>248.2</sub> only in step (i)         If no working shown accept only to following evaluated answers:         (0.060, 0.0604 or 0.06044)         II       Uses answer (i) × <sup>cand average titre</sup> / <sub>100</sub> in step (ii)         and         answer (iv) × <sup>1000</sup> / <sub>25</sub> in step (v)         III       Uses answer (ii) × ½ in step (iii), and answer (iii) × ½ in step (iii)	in any section	1 1 1	
	PDO Display	<ul> <li>IV Appropriate working shown in a methree sections. To include equations as steps for working mark; In (iii) must see x2 or x0.5. In (iv) must see multiplication of by 6, 1.2 or 2. 1:6 for IO<sub>3</sub><sup>-/</sup>6H<sup>+</sup>, 1:1.2 for 5I<sup>-</sup>/6H<sup>+</sup>, 1:2 for 6H<sup>+</sup>/3I<sub>2</sub></li> <li>V 3 to 5 significant figures in final are all sections attempted – minimum final answers required to qualify for award of this mark.</li> </ul>	the <b>r division</b> nswers to a of <b>three</b>	1	[5]

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(d)	ACE Interpretation	Gives 0.1(0) cm <sup>3</sup> as the maximum error in (i). <i>Ignore any sign</i> and the expression ${}^{0.1}/_{cand titre in (b)} \times 100$ in (ii) Evaluates ${}^{0.06}/_{25.0} \times 100$ in step (iii) Accept only 0.240 or 0.24, or rounded to 0.2 provided 0.24 has been seen in the	1	
		working.		[2]
			[To	tal: 15]

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2	(a)	PDO	) Layout	I Records at least <b>four</b> different balance readings and at least one mass of solid/gas Accept 0.0(0X) g as the mass of the empty tube or a statement that the tube is tared.	1
		PDO	Recording	<ul> <li>Gives all appropriate headings and units when recording results.</li> <li>Do not accept mass of empty tube as 0.0(00)g here unless tube is described as tared.</li> <li>(minimum of three pieces of information)</li> </ul>	1
				III All recorded balance readings consistent to at least 1 decimal place. <i>(minimum of three balance readings)</i>	1
		ММС	Decisions	IV Evidence of reheating to "constant" mass. For balances reading to 1 d.p. two masses must be identical For 2 or 3 d.p.balances, two masses must be within 0.05 g	1
		ММС	D Quality	V and VI Check and correct all subtractions in the results table. Calculate mass heated/mass of residue to 3 significant figures. Compare to Supervisor standard or standard value of 1.45.	2
				Award <u>V and VI</u> for a difference up to 0.15	
				Award <u>V only</u> for a difference of 0.15+ to 0.30	
				Where a candidate repeats the experiment use cumulative masses of <b>FA 3</b> and residue. Where masses of <b>FA 3</b> and residue cannot be checked, accept candidate values to calculate the ratio.	[6
	(b)	ACE		Evaluates	1
		Inter	pretation	cand mass loss from (a) <u>cand mass of FA 3</u> correct to 2–4 significant figures. Where mass loss or mass of <b>FA 3</b> is not given in (a), check, from balance readings, the values. A candidate who incorrectly describes the mass of the residue as the mass loss in tabulated results in (a) may "correct" the error and use the correct mass	
				<i>(a)</i> may "correct" the error and use the correct mass loss here.	[1

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Conclusions ratio of			Uses $M_r$ (values) of CO <sub>2</sub> or H <sub>2</sub> O to justify ratio of CuCO <sub>3</sub> to Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub> affects the mass If % loss is too high – more CuCO <sub>3</sub> If % loss is too low – more Cu(OH) <sub>2</sub>		1	[1]
(d)	ACE Impr	ovements	Draws apparatus showing the collection of dioxide in a syringe or in a burette or mean cylinder inverted over water. Allow use of an inverted tube if graduation shown or it is suitably labelled. All apparatus should be recognisable from drawing or appropriately labelled.	suring ns are	1	
			Shows, in the diagram, an effective methor removing water vapour. Named reagent; e.g. (concentrated $H_2SO$ silica gel, (CaO), anhydrous CuSO <sub>4</sub> . <b>or</b> stated purpose of an un-named reagent g Allow also a suitable reflux arrangement, water to the heated tube.	4, CaCl <sub>2</sub> ,	1	
			or a statement that water vapour condensed bath. Do not accept a diagram showing t bubbling through water without some write indication that the water is a condenser.	he gas		[2]
			•		[Tota	al: 10

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		<b>FA 4</b> is Al <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (ac	); <b>FA 5</b> is ZnSO <sub>4</sub> (aq); <b>FA 6</b> is Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq); <b>FA 7</b> is MgS0	O <sub>4</sub> (aq)	
3	(a)	MMO Collection	<ul> <li>1 mark for correct observations in each of the vertical columns.</li> <li>or</li> <li>1 mark for correct observations in each of the horizontal rows (i), (ii) and (iii).</li> <li>3 mark maximum</li> <li>Mark the section by the method which gives the horizontal</li> </ul>	4	
			better mark.		[4]

			obser	vations	
	test	FA 4	FA 5	FA 6	FA 7
(i)	addition of NaOH	white ppt	white ppt	white ppt	white ppt
	further addition of NaOH	ppt soluble	ppt soluble	ppt soluble	ppt insoluble
(ii)	addition of NH <sub>3</sub>	white ppt	white ppt	white ppt	white ppt
	further addition of NH <sub>3</sub>	ppt insoluble	ppt soluble	ppt insoluble	ppt insoluble
(iii)	addition of KI	no ppt, no reaction, colourless or yellow solution	no ppt, no reaction, colourless or yellow solution	yellow ppt	no ppt, no reaction, colourless or yellow solution

Minimum evidence required in observations for the ion identity marks I, II and III in (b)

In some cases, identification may be allowed from incomplete observations. There must, however, be no observations that are contrary to those expected with any "correctly" identified ion.

The same criteria will be applied to "candidate's supporting evidence in awarding mark **IV**. Candidates are not permitted to introduce (from the Qualitative Analysis Notes) supporting evidence that is not given in the observations. Precipitate colour need not be mentioned in supporting evidence.

$Al^{3+}$	(white) precipitate, soluble in (excess) NaOH, if yellow ppt with KI
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	(white) precipitate, soluble in (excess) NH <sub>3</sub> (aq)
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	Yellow precipitate with KI
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	(white) precipitate, insoluble in (excess) NaOH

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FA 4 is $Al_2(SO_4)_3(aq)$ ; FA 5 is $ZnSO_4(aq)$ ; FA 6 is $Pb(NO_3)_2(aq)$ ; FA 7 is MgSO <sub>4</sub> (aq)					
(b)		Do not accept any ion other than A $l^{3^+}$ , Zn <sup>2+</sup> , Pb <sup>2+</sup> or Mg <sup>2+</sup> in any section. Marks I to III lons must be correct, including charge, if a symbol has been given. – <u>no ecf in this</u> <u>section.</u>	1		
	ACE Conclusions	Award <b>Lonly</b> if <b>one ion only</b> is identified from correct observations.	1		
		Award <b><u>I</u> and II</b> if <b>two ions only</b> are identified from correct observations.	1		
		Award <u><b>I</b></u> , <u><b>II</b></u> and <u><b>III</b></u> if <b>all four cations</b> are identified from correct observations. The 4 <sup>th</sup> cation may be identified by elimination from incomplete supporting evidence.	1		
		Award mark $\underline{IV}$ if the supporting evidence fits the ion identified and the practical performed for at least three of the four ions.	1		
		Allow ecf on ion order on mark <u>IV</u> .		[4]	
(c)	MMO Decisions	Selects sodium or potassium chromate(VI), sulfuric acid or hydrochloric acid soln containing one of the following named ions or formula given followed by (aq): $CrO_4^{2^-}$ , $SO_4^{2^-}$ , $Cl^-$ , Br but <b>not</b> I <sup>-</sup> ,			
		soln containing $CrO_4^{2-}$ ions, $H_2SO_4$ , $HCl$ ,		[1]	

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	T	<b>FA 8</b> is CuSO₄(aq)	1	<del></del>
(d)	MMO Collection	<ul> <li>Records blue colour of solution fading/disappearing on adding zinc powder in (i)</li> <li>If no reaction with Zn(s) is reported do not allow blue to light blue solution.</li> </ul>	1	
		II Records a temperature rise in (i) Accept reaction is exothermic/produces heat	1	
		<ul> <li>Records a red-brown, orange-brown, brown or black solid in (i)</li> </ul>	1	
		IV Observes a green, lime green, fluorescent green or yellow-green solution in (ii)	1	
		<ul> <li>V Observes solution turning blue, or blue solution in (iii) if solution green in (ii) or solution going towards blue in colour on adding water in (iii)</li> </ul>	1	
		If <b>solution</b> is not mentioned in (ii) or (iii) but colours are correct – award point <b>V only</b> .		
(e)	ACE Conclusions	Completes the equation: $\rightarrow$ Cu(s) + Zn <sup>2+</sup> (aq) State symbols required	1	
			ITot	tal: 1