

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	31

Qu	estion	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1	(a)	PDO Layout	 Volume given for rough titre and accurate titre details tabulated. <i>Minimum of 2 × 2 boxes.</i> 	1	
		MMO Collection	 Initial and final burette readings recorded for rough titre and initial and final burette readings and volume of FA 2 added recorded for each accurate titre. Headings should match readings. Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading; more than one final burette reading is 50.(00); any burette reading is greater than 50.(00) 	1	
		PDO Recording	 All accurate burette readings (initial and final) recorded to nearest 0.05 (cm³) Assessed on burette readings only. 	1	
			IV Has two uncorrected, accurate titres within 0.1 cm ³ Do not award this mark if having performed two titres within 0.1 cm ³ a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm ³ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless a fourth titration, within 0.1 cm ³ of any of the previous titres has also been carried out.	1	
Ch Exa	eck and a miner th	correct subtraction nen selects the "be	to the nearest 0.05 cm ³ . ns in the titre table. est" titre using the hierarchy: 5 cm ³ ; titres within 0.1 cm ³ ; etc		
		MMO Quality	V , VI and VII Award V , VI and VII for a difference from Supervisor within 0.20 cm ³ Award V and VI for a difference of > $0.20 - \le 0.40$ cm ³ Award V for a difference of > $0.40 - \le 0.60$ cm ³ If the "best" titres are ≥ 0.60 cm ³ apart cancel one of the Q marks.	3	[7]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	31

(b)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates the mean, correct to 2 decimal places from any accurate titres within 0.20 cm^3 . The third decimal place may be rounded to the nearest 0.05 cm^3 . A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allowed but the candidate may round up or down to the nearest 0.05 cm^3 . If ALL burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean can be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding. Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.35 (\checkmark) Mean of 24.3 and 24.4 = 24.4 (\star)	1	
		Titres to be used in calculating the mean must be clearly shown – in an expression or ticked in the titration table.		[1]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	 I Expression needed in step (i) (= mean titre × 0.15/1000 mol) and step (ii) (= answer to step (i) / 2) No irrelevant or incorrect working should be included. 	1	
		<pre>II Correctly evaluates step (iii) (= answer to step (ii)</pre>	1	
	PDO Display	 III Some relevant working shown in a minimum of three parts in the calculation. (In (ii) could be × 2 or ÷ 2, in (iii) could × 10 or ÷ 10). 	1	
		IV All answers given are quoted to 3 or 4 sig figs (must be a minimum of three steps)	1	[4]
			[To	otal: 12]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	31

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2 (a)	MMO Collection	 Two pairs of temperature values recorded as instructed in (a), with units for all readings in (a) and (b) – minimum of 3 readings. Acceptable units are /°C, (°C), temperature in degrees Celsius, temperature in °C. 	1	
	PDO Recording	 All thermometer readings recorded to 0.0 °C or 0.5 °C. (check readings in sections 2(a) and 2(b) – minimum of 4 readings). 	1	
	ACE Interpretation	 Correct subtractions to give temperature rises and the correct mean value in 2(a). Mean value may be rounded to 0.5 °C or to one d.p or to 0.05 °C and from 0.025 and 0.075 or these may be rounded up or down to nearest 0.1. 	1	
Marks are a Supervisor.	awarded for compar	ctions and calculate mean ΔT ing the "true" means: check working of candidate and ected if necessary) on the script in a ring.		
	MMO Quality	Award IV and V if candidate's mean temp rise is within 2.0 °C of Supervisor's (incl)	1	
		Award IV if the difference is between 2.0 $^{\circ}$ C and 3.0 $^{\circ}$ C.	1	[5]
	PDO Display	Heat produced (J) = $25 \times 4.3 \times \text{temp rise}$ (<i>method mark</i>). Unit is needed in the quoted answer (kJ if divided by 1000).	1	
		Correctly evaluates enthalpy change = heat produced/ 0.016.	1	
		Division by 1000 is not required if candidate did this in the previous step. Answer must be negative and to 3 sig figs.		[2]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	31

(b)	ACE Interpretation	I Both temperature measurements clearly shown.	1	
	MMO Quality	Award II and III if candidate's temp rise is within 20% of Supervisor's.	1	
		Award II if candidate's temp rise is within 40% of Supervisor's.	1	[:
	ACE Interpretation	IV Calculates 0.032 for moles in (ii) or 0.016 for moles in (a)(ii).	1	
	PDO Display	 V Enthalpy change correctly calculated (= - ^{heat change}/_{0.032}). Answer must show negative sign (unless already penalised) and be given to 3 sig figs. (unless already penalised). 	1	
	ACE Conclusions	VI Correct calculation of enthalpy change $\Delta H_1 = \Delta H_2 - \Delta H_3 - 286$	1	[3
(c)	ACE Improvements	Extra/thicker lagging or use a lid or use a vacuum flask	1	[
			[Tot	tal: 1

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	31

		FA 7 is Zn(NO ₃) ₂ (s); FA 8 is CuSO ₄ (s)		
3 (a) (i)	MMO Collection	No change (<i>or</i> no precipitate or no reaction) both with barium chloride and silver nitrate.	1	
	MMO Collection	Gentle heat: solid melts or dissolves or gives a colourless liquid	1	
(ii)		Brown fumes/gas produced (allow 'qualified' brown e.g. red/brown, do not allow orange).	1	
		(Gas produced) that relights a glowing splint or yellow solid, goes white on cooling. (Allow precipitate).	1	
(iii)	ACE Conclusions	FA 7 is a nitrate/nitrite (from some evidence)	1	
(iv)	MMO Decisions	(Heat) FA 7 with A <i>l</i> foil and NaOH/ecf from anion given.	1	
	MMO Collection	Gas/vapour/NH3 produced <i>and</i> it turns red litmus to blue <i>and</i> confirms that FA 7 contains nitrate/nitrite ions.	1	
(v)	MMO Decisions	Adds ammonia. <i>(This mark is not awarded if a second test is also used)</i>	1	
	ACE Conclusions	Zinc ions are present. (No ecf) (Deduction must be consistent with observations recorded – white ppt soluble in excess).	1	[9]
(b) (i)	MMO Collection	With KI, goes yellow/orange/brown and gives a blue (blue-black or purple or black) colour with starch. <i>No reference to the state is required, just the colours.</i>	1	
		Brown/yellow/white/off- white precipitate forms.	1	
(ii)	ACE Conclusions	KI is the reducing agent (or it is oxidised) as iodine is formed or $2I^{-} - 2e^{-} \rightarrow I_{2}$ or $2Cu^{2+} + 2I^{-} \rightarrow I_{2} + 2Cu^{+}$	1	
		Ignore state symbols.		
(iii)	MMO Collection	Blue (do not allow dark blue) precipitate obtained, which does not dissolve in excess NaOH	1	
	ACE Conclusions	Cu ²⁺ + 2OH ⁻ → Cu(OH) ₂	1	[5]
			[Tot	al: 14]