

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/32 Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question 1

Supervisor's Report

Calculate, correct to 2 d.p., the titre if the Supervisor had diluted 42.75 cm^3 of **FB 2**.

This is given by the expression

 $\frac{42.75}{\text{volume diluted}} \times \text{titre}$

Candidate scripts

Calculate the scaled titre for 42.75 cm³ of **FB 2**. Record the scaled value against the titration table and calculate the difference to Supervisor.

| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | |
|----------|-------------------|--|------|-----|
| 1 (a) | PDO Layout | (i) Tabulates initial and final burette readings and volume added in each of the tables. Do not award this mark if any final and initial burette readings are inverted or 50 is used as the initial burette reading. | 1 | |
| | PDO Recording | (ii) <u>Both</u> burette readings in the dilution table and <u>final</u> <u>and initial</u> burette readings for all accurate titres in the titration table recorded to the nearest 0.05 cm ³ . | 1 | |
| | MMO Collection | (iii) Follows instructions: dilutes 42.50 cm³ to 43.00 cm³ and has <u>any</u> two titres, which may include a rough titre, within 0.20 cm³ | 1 | |
| | MMO Decisions | (iv) Has at least two titres within 0.1 cm³. Do not include any titre labelled "rough"/"trial" unless the candidate has ticked that value or used it in an expression when calculating the average in (b). | 1 | |
| | | (v) and (vi) Accuracy Give (v) and (vi) if difference to Supervisor is 0.3 or less Give (vi) only for a difference of 0.3+ to 0.5 Give neither for a difference greater than 0.5 | 2 | [6] |

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| · · / | ACE Interp | retation | selected titr Candidate se any titre valu Candidate is "trial". Where all titr should be ca Where any ti average show | est be shown in this section or the sticked in the titration table elects/calculates appropriate "aver es within 0.20 cm ³ . <i>permitted to use a titre labelled "re</i> res are given to 1 decimal place the lculated correct to 1 or 2 decimal places und be calculated to 2 decimal places and be calculated to 2 decimal places are nearest 0.05 cm ³ . | age" from o <i>ugh" or</i> e average blaces. s, the | 1 | [1] |
| | ACE Interpo PDO Displa | retation | Award three ignore evalua Withhold 1 m marks. (Cour step 1 step 2 step 3 The exp step 4 step 4 step 5 (iv) Working (v) Answers to each | step of the calculation. marks if all steps are chemically c | ted] & 3–6. al answer | 3 1 1 | |
| | | | - | | | | [5] |
| | | | | | | [Tot | al: 12] |

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Question 2 Round all thermometer readings to the nearest 0.5 °C

Supervisor's Report

Calculate $\Delta T/m$ correct to 2 d.p. for each experiment.

Candidate's scripts

Calculate $\Delta T/m$ correct to 2 d.p. for each experiment.

Record values of $\Delta T/m$ on script and use in assessing accuracy marks.

Where a candidate has performed one or both of the experiments a number of times (as distinct from adding in portions and recording the increasing temperature on each addition):

Calculate (unrounded) the $\Delta T/m$ value for each experiment, then

Take the average of the closest pair, rounded to 2 d.p.

| Question | Sections | Indicative material | Mark | |
|----------|-----------------------|---|------|-------------|
| 2 (a) | PDO Layout | Tabulates or lists all experimental readings: mass of tube + FB 4 mass of tube + residue mass, m₁, of FB 4 initial temperature final temperature ΔT | 1 | |
| (b) | MMO Quality | Calculate the difference between the Supervisor and candidate values of Δ T/m. Give two marks for a difference up to 0.1 °C g ⁻¹ Give one of these two marks for a difference of +0.1 °C g ⁻¹ to 0.3 °C g ⁻¹ . | 2 | [1] |
| (c) | | No mark | | <u>[</u> –] |
| (d) | ACE Interpretation | Calculates (0.15 × 84) or has 12.6 g NaHCO ₃ | 1 | [1] |
| (e) | ACE Interpretation | Gives the maximum error as <u>1.0</u> °C. Do not award this mark for an answer of 1. | 1 | [1] |
| (f) | ACE Interpretation | Calculates $\frac{\text{candidates answer to (e)}}{1.50}$ × 100% correct to: 2 significant figures (67%) or 3 significant figures (66.7%) or 4 significant figures (66.67%) Accept 66 ² / ₃ . | 1 | [1] |
| (g) | MMO Decisions | Selects a mass between 8.0 and < mass of NaHCO ₃ calculated in (d). (If the candidate's answer to (d) is < 8.0 g; the mass selected should be in the range: ² / ₃ × mass in (d) and < mass in (d)) and estimates (mass × 1.5) correctly If no mass has been calculated/given in (d), this mark cannot be awarded. | 1 | [1] |

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| | | | | | |
| (h) | PDO recor | ding | Records all weighings, <u>consistently</u> , to at least 1 decimplace in (a) and (h) . Records all thermometer readings to (.0) or (.5) in (a) a (h) . Where the experiment in (h) has not been attempted, the mark for consistent weighings may be awarded – the experimental results in (a) . | and 1 only | |
| (i) | | | Where mass of (empty) test-tube and mass of test- | . 1 | [2] |
| | i) MMO Collection | | tube + FB 5 are given: mass added to the test-tube should be ± 0.2 g from mass selected in (g). If no mass of (empty) test-tube is recorded, but mas of test-tube + FB 5 and mass of test-tube + residual FB 5 are recorded: mass of FB 5 used in the experiment should be in the range (+0.2 to -0.5)g of mass selected in (g). Calculate the difference between 1.30 and the candidate's value of $\Delta T/m$. Give two marks for a difference up to 0.2 °C g ⁻¹ Give one of these two marks for a difference of | ISS | |
| | | | +0.2 °C g ⁻¹ to 0.4 °C g ⁻¹ | | |
| | | | | | [3] |
| (k) | ACE Conc | lusions | Manipulates Hess cycle to show that $\Delta H_3 = \Delta H_1 - 2\Delta H_2$ or $\Delta H_1 = \Delta H_3 + 2\Delta H_2$ or $2\Delta H_2 = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_3$ | 1 | |
| | ACE Interp | pretation | Correctly calculates a value for ΔH_3 from equation give by candidate and candidate values from (c) and (j). A +ve sign must be given for any endothermic change The candidate must use the exact values given in the answers to (c) and $\Delta T/m$ but may then correctly round their answer to at least 3 significant figures. | final | |
| <u>///</u> | | | | | [2] |
| (I) | ACE Impro | ovement | Suggests additional insulation (lid etc.) Candidate must suggest a suitable material to use as insulation or explain how or where the insulation is to b applied. or plots cooling/heating curves, extrapolating to | be 1 | |
| | | | lowest/highest temperature. | | [1] |
| | | | | ſ | Total: 15] |

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| Question | Sections | | Indicative ma | aterial | | Mark | |
|----------|---------------------------|---|--|---|----------|------|----|
| | FB 6 is Na | Br; FB 7 is | NaI; FB 8 is ZnSO ₄ (| (aq), FB 9 is M | gSO₄(aq) | | |
| 3 (a) | Pooronto ov | No mark | NaOH(aq); NH₃(aq); B | $P_{\rm P}(1/P_{\rm P}(NO))$ | | | |
| (b) | AgNO ₃ (aq); K | ³)2(ay), | | | | | |
| | MMO Decisions | (i) Selects the ppt or Pb(NO ₃ | AgNO ₃ as one reager produced with AgNO ₃) ₂ / K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ added as gent must be named of | nt and NH₃(aq) a <u>fresh</u> reagents. | | 1 | |
| | | reagent | - | | | | |
| | MMO Collection | | observations for an a s for FB 6 | ppropriate pair o | of | 1 | |
| | | • • | observations for an a s for FB 7 | ppropriate pair o | of | 1 | |
| | | Expecte | ed observations: | | | | |
| | | | FB 6 (Br ⁻) | FB 7 (<i>I</i> ⁻) | | | |
| | | AgNO ₃ | cream ppt (off-white ppt is NOT acceptable) | yellow ppt | | | |
| | | NH₃(aq) | ppt insoluble or partially soluble | ppt insoluble | | | |
| | | $Pb(NO_3)_2$ | white ppt | yellow ppt | | | |
| | | $K_2Cr_2O_7$ | no change | brown solution |] | | |
| | | observation | observation marks can is on adding AgNO ₃ to idate's advantage. | | | | |
| | ACE Conclusion | observa (FB 6 c be give <i>Allow</i> B | appropriate <u>conseque</u> ations given ontains Br [–] and FB 7 o n from white ppt with <i>A</i> r [–] from off-white ppt in | contains I⁻ but C ∖g⁺. | Cl⁻ may | 1 | |
| | | soluble | in ammonia. | | | | [4 |

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| (c) | | Look | for the following ma | rking p | points: | | | |
| | | | FB 6 | | FB 7 | | | |
| | | (i) | yellow/orange/red | (i) | brown/grey/black | | | |
| | | | solid, solution, | | (not blue-black) | | | |
| | | | liquid or mixture (not colour alone) | | solid or | | | |
| | | | (not colour alone) | | purple gas/vapour | | | |
| | | | orange/red/brown | | (gas can be | | | |
| | | | gas or vapour | | awarded in either | | | |
| | | | | | of the first two boxes) | | | |
| | | (ii) | white or steamy | (ii) | "bad-egg" smell or | | | |
| | | | fumes | . , | (smell of) H ₂ S | | | |
| | | | (in either of the | | or | | | |
| | | | first two boxes) | | test for H ₂ S (including | | | |
| | | | | | dichromate | | | |
| | | | | | turning green) | | | |
| | | (iii) | positive test for SO ₂ | (iii) | Orange/dark red/red-brown/ | | | |
| | | | 302 | | brown solution | | | |
| | | | | | (no solid) on | | | |
| | | | | | adding distilled | | | |
| | | (iv) | no change (but not | (iv) | water blue/blue-black/ | | | |
| | | (10) | no ppt) with starch | (1V) | purple/purple- | | | |
| | | | | | black/black colour | | | |
| | | | | | (of solution or solid) | | | |
| | | | | | solid) | | | |
| | ммо | Give | one mark for two or | ut of fo | our correct marking | points | 1 | |
| | Collection | for FE | 36 | | C C | | - | |
| | | | one mark for three | out of | four correct markin | g points | 1 | |
| | | for FE | 3 / | | | | | 101 |
| (d) | MMO | Obsei | rves: | | | | 1 | [2] |
| (~) | Collection | | //orange/red/brown | colour | on adding Br ₂ (aq), | | | |
| | | providing there is no precipitate or solid | | | | | | |
| | | and | | | | | | |
| | | | olue-black/purple/pu | rple-b | ack/black colour (o | t | | |
| | | Solutio | on or solid) | | | | | [1] |
| (e) | ACE | | lusions for halide/s | | | | | |
| | Conclusions | - | eference to Br_2 or I_2 | being | produced or halide | • | 1 | |
| | | oxidis | | | nt | | 1 | |
| | | | ic acid is an oxidisir ₄ oxidises halide sco | | | | I | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | lusions for bromin | | | | | |
| | | | ct description of dis | | | on | 1 | |
| | | | ing both of the halog | | | iono | | |
| | | , |) halogen/halide | | | IUNS. | | |
| | | (|) halogen/halogen | | • | omine | | |
| | | Iodine is displaced by bromine. There is no suitable statement linking halide and halide. | | | | | | |
| | | Inere | is no suitadie state | menti | inking nalide and n | allue. | | |

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| (f) | MMC Colle |) ction | FB 8 FB 9 | Observes white ppt soluble/dissolving/disappearing (in exces each reagent. Observes white ppt insoluble/not dissolving/remaining (in exces each reagent | , | 1 | | |
| | ACE ConclusionsMark consequentially on observations involve precipitates only. Expected ions are Zn^{2+} in FB 8 and Mg^{2+} in F Symbol and ion charge must be correct in a or the name of the ion given: e.g. Zn^{2+} or zinc but not Zn | | | | 9 | 1 | [3] | |
| | | | | | | [Total | | |