

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper
for the guidance of teachers**

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/33

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1),
maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Mark scheme abbreviations:

;	separates marking points
/	alternative answers for the same point
R	reject
A	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
I	ignore
ACE	Analysis, Conclusions and Evaluation (skills)
MMO	Manipulations, Measurement and Observation (skills)
PDO	Presentation of Data and Observations (skills)

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1 (a) (i)		[3]
Do not give marks mp2 and mp3 for simple dilution		
MMO decisions 1	[1] mp1	labels under correct sequence of beakers <u>0.5</u> (%) AND <u>0.05</u> (%) AND <u>0.005</u> (%);
		Additional guidance Must have % once
MMO decisions 2	[1] mp2	Must be serial dilution (R if simple dilution) and adds previous concentration of milk (M) to each of three beakers and 1 cm ³ (adds previous concentration of M to each of three beakers and 1 cm ³) EITHER 1 cm ³ on an arrow from each previous beaker to next OR 1 cm ³ of <u>5</u> (%) (to 3 rd beaker) AND 1 cm ³ of <u>0.5</u> (%) (3 rd to 4 th beaker) AND 1 cm ³ of <u>0.05</u> (%) (4 th to 5 th beaker);
		Additional guidance Must have cm ³ once in either and or % once when labelling or ecf if mp1 not given
	[1] mp3	(adds (distilled) water /W to each of three additional beakers but MUST add previous concentration to fourth and fifth beakers) <u>9</u> cm ³ (into each beaker 3 rd /4 th /5 th) of (d) <u>W</u> or water;
	Additional guidance Must have cm ³ once ecf if mp2 not given	

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(ii)		[5]
PDO recording 2	[1]	table with cells drawn AND heading (top left) percent(age) conc(entration) ; Additional guidance A no outer boundary A % R % in body of table R other units e.g. mol dm ⁻³
	[1]	(headings) colour OR observation(s) AND number or no or # or scale; Additional guidance R headings for standardised variables e.g. volumes Ignore heading for test-tubes or additional observations
MMO collection 3	[1]	records results for any 5 different concentrations and U (ignore position) and W/0 ; Additional guidance A colours or numbers or only whole numbers
	[1]	records their highest concentration as highest <u>number</u> AND records next lower concentration next highest <u>number</u> ; Additional guidance Must have at least two readings other than U A any values 10 or below A scale numbers in incorrectly headed column/row
	[1]	records collection of EITHER (for W) <u>blue or no purple</u> AND 0 OR records replicate; A scale numbers in incorrectly headed column/row

(iii)		[2]																		
MMO decisions 2	[1]	<p><i>(from their results)</i> puts U in correct position on scale;</p> <p>Additional guidance</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">50</td> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(0).5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(0).05</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(0).005</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1.8</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.018</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0.0018</td> </tr> </table> <div style="margin-left: 100px;"> <table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="border: none;">10</td> <td style="border: none;">_____</td> <td style="border: none; text-align: right;">▶</td> <td style="border: none;">lower</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: none;">darkest purple</td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;"></td> <td style="border: none;">blue</td> </tr> </table> </div> <p>A ecf from different concentrations R if shows values in wrong order from their results R no value for U in results</p>	50	5	(0).5	(0).05	(0).005	18	1.8	0.18	0.018	0.0018	10	_____	▶	lower	darkest purple			blue
	50	5	(0).5	(0).05	(0).005															
	18	1.8	0.18	0.018	0.0018															
10	_____	▶	lower																	
darkest purple			blue																	
[1]	<p><i>(from their result for U)</i> correct quantity to complete the statement 'between ... and ...' as</p> <p>Additional guidance A ecf from different concentrations</p>																			

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(iv)		[max 3]
ACE interpretation 2	mp1	(independent variable) Idea of use or (repeat with) more concentrations between <u>two examples</u> of concentrations used -50% and 0;
		Additional guidance Ignore just wider/higher/lower ecf from answer to (a)(ii) or (a)(iii) if U more than 50%
	mp2	Gives two examples/figures relevant EITHER to their estimate OR between 50% and 0 OR description of use of e.g. colorimeter readings to draw a calibration graph and read off estimate;
		Additional guidance ecf if recorded U is above 50% then allow two examples more than 50% for mp1 and mp2 R if examples not in correct range e.g. more than 50% when U not recorded more than 50%
ACE interpretation max 1	mp3	(dependent variable) use colorimeter or colour standard card for colours and numbers; R colorimeter R white card or tile (since this is given)
	mp4	replicate or repeat U ;
		Additional guidance A more times/trials/readings or repeats or repeat Ignore mean Ignore repeat with different concentrations
	mp5	(standardised variables) use graduated pipette or syringe with smaller divisions or burette or measuring cylinder (as milk is too thick for syringe)

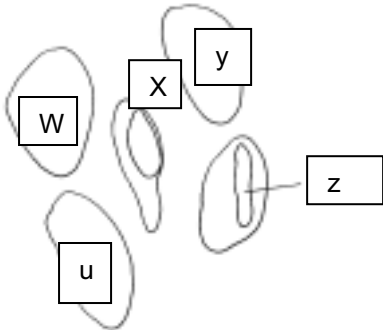
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(b) (i)		[4]
PDO layout 4	O	x-axis <u>time</u> (/) s or sec(onds) R T or t AND y-axis <u>conc(entrati)on</u> of <u>protein</u> (/) <u>mg dm⁻³</u> ; R mg/dm ⁻³ A mg/dm ³
		Additional guidance Must have units on x-axis and y-axis
	S	scale as x-axis <u>10 to 2 cm</u> AND y-axis <u>20 to 2 cm</u> ;
		Additional guidance ecf if no labels for axes If reverse then scale must use more than half grid for both x and y and not have an awkward scale. If move origin from 0 must label value at origin. A no 0 label at origin and no end label R awkward scale
	P	correct plotting of each point to <u>within</u> half a square i.e. less than 1 mm from intersection;
		Additional guidance A small cross or dot in circle or cross in circle A ecf if x-axis not 0 if scale 20 to 2 cm even R if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • awkward y-axis scale • blobs or dots alone • cross too large
L	<u>ruled</u> lines point to point or <u>ruled</u> line of best fit (two plots on line and then 2 and 1 either side of line) AND quality clear sharp; A extrapolation from line of best fit to vertical or horizontal lines of plotted point only R if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • less than 5 plots • line 1mm or thicker • any feathery line • irregular thickness • extrapolated when point to point line 	
	Additional guidance A ecf from incorrect P	

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(ii)			[3]
ACE interpretation 1	mp1	longer time (to collect) less protein present as time increases the concentration decreases OR shorter time more protein present as time decreases the protein concentration increases;	
		Additional guidance Ignore (inversely/directly) proportional	
ACE conclusions 2	mp2	Idea of (longer time in contact or to collect) <u>protease or enzyme</u> hydrolyses or digests or breaks down protein;	
		Additional guidance R if in context of change in concentration Ignore beads	
	mp3	(longer time) idea of ref. ES complexes or described OR (more likely) ref active sites used; (shorter time) idea of ref ES complexes or described OR (less likely) ref active sites used;	
		Additional guidance R if protein used again R enzyme all used up	
(iii)			[2]
ACE interpretation 2	[1]	0.5 divided by / 15 multiplied by × 100;	
	[1]	correct answer; ecf for 1 / 15 × 100	
			[Total: 22]

2 (a)		[5]
PDO layout 1	[1]	<p><u>no</u> shading anywhere AND width across lines forming outer layers (convex surface) or largest enclosed area longer than 20 mm AND (clear, sharp, unbroken lines); Ignore spaces drawn in innermost layer or enclosed areas outside lines Must have three or more hand drawn lines either with at least one folded or wavy line or may include at least one enclosed area to be assessed. R if</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • drawn over the print of question • any line 1mm or thicker or ruled • any feathery or broken/dashed • 2 'tails' or overlaps in line • 3 'tails' or overlaps with a enclosed area any ruled lines
MMO collection 2	[1]	no cells drawn AND only one field of view AND with at least one line folded or wavy or if no folds / wave but at least one enclosed area;
		Additional guidance Ignore (folds) enclosed areas within layers
	[1]	drawn at least five ridges/peaks/furrows/folds/waves in one line;
PDO recording	[1]	at least three folded or wavy lines OR drawn (spaces in innermost layer) as irregular (enclosed) areas OR one large enclosed area drawn with at least two lines;
MMO decision 1	[1]	correct label D with label line to EITHER between two folded or wavy lines or touching one of folded or wavy lines OR if enclosed area with two lines then inside this layer or to outer line;
		Additional guidance R any other label R any label within drawn lines

(b) (i)		[4]
PDO layout 1	[1] no shading AND largest nucleus more than 30 mm at longest point AND (clear, sharp, unbroken lines on outer membranes only) Must have three or more hand drawn enclosed areas R if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> drawn over the print of question any line 1mm or thicker or ruled any feathery or broken/dashed line any 'tails' or overlaps or gaps if three or fewer enclosed areas 2 'tails' or overlaps or gaps if four or five enclosed areas 	
MMO collection 2	[1] <u>five</u> whole nuclei drawn as in Fig. 2.1; Additional guidance R double line for outer boundary / nuclear membrane R additional diagrammatic organelles or chromosomes	
	[1] two nuclei are drawn with nucleolus (in nuclei shown by x, y, or z in guidance diagram below) ignore contents of u, w, and y	
	guidance diagram: 	
MMO decision 1	[1] correct label with label line to <u>one nucleolus</u> in x, y or z only; Additional guidance R if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if label more than one any label is biologically incorrect e.g. from incorrect organ or cell organelles such as Golgi or mitochondria any label within or overlapping drawn nucleus 	

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(ii)		[3]
MMO collection 1	[1]	measures line L correctly in mm; 14 or 14.5 or 15 or 15.5 or 16 or 16.5 <u>mm</u> ;
		Additional guidance A 1.4 or 1.45 or 1.5 or 1.55 or 1.6 or 1.65 <u>cm</u> Must have units somewhere Ignore use of metres
PDO display 2	[1]	shows conversion mm to μm by multiplication $\times 1000$ or 10^3 OR cm to μm by multiplication $\times 10\,000$ or 10^4 ;
		Additional guidance A conversion after division/incorrect measurement as long as units correct with correct conversion R if metres anywhere R if no units
	[1]	shows division of a number;
		Additional guidance ecf if measurement or conversion incorrect

(c) (i)		[5]																																
Mark first three in first column.																																		
PDO recording 1	[1]	organise as a table/Venn diagram/ruled boxes AND headed <u>Fig.2.2</u> and <u>Fig 2.3</u> AND first difference opposite each other;																																
MMO decision 1	[1]	only three observable differences recorded; R if any similarities																																
ACE interpretation max 3	max 3	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>feature</th> <th>Fig. 2.2</th> <th>Fig. 2.3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>mp1</td> <td>(E layer) surface</td> <td>rough or wavy or perforated</td> <td>smooth or plain;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp2</td> <td><i>(taste buds or cells or nuclei)</i></td> <td>visible or present/has/yes</td> <td>not seen or absent/no(ne);</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp3</td> <td><i>overall shape/E/ R if 3-D e.g. spherical R villi A calculated sizes</i></td> <td>(outer shape) folds or fingers or flat or elongated (<u>projections</u> or lumen) deep(er) or long(er) or large(r) or higher</td> <td>rounded or circular or curved; (<u>projections</u> or lumen) shallow(er) or short(er) or small(er) or lower;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp4</td> <td><i>(E or L layer) (inner shape)</i></td> <td>folded or like fingers inside fold or goes deep</td> <td>no folds inside; on surface;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp5</td> <td><i>(L layer)</i></td> <td>thin(ner) or less or narrow(er)</td> <td>thick(er) or more or wide(r);</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp6</td> <td><i>overall size or E (and L) layer A calculated sizes</i></td> <td>large(r) or thick(er) or wide(r)</td> <td>small(er) or thin(ner) or narrow(er);</td> </tr> <tr> <td>mp7</td> <td><i>different layer at base of fold</i></td> <td><i>absent or no(ne)</i></td> <td><i>present or yes;</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		feature	Fig. 2.2	Fig. 2.3	mp1	(E layer) surface	rough or wavy or perforated	smooth or plain;	mp2	<i>(taste buds or cells or nuclei)</i>	visible or present/has/yes	not seen or absent/no(ne);	mp3	<i>overall shape/E/ R if 3-D e.g. spherical R villi A calculated sizes</i>	(outer shape) folds or fingers or flat or elongated (<u>projections</u> or lumen) deep(er) or long(er) or large(r) or higher	rounded or circular or curved; (<u>projections</u> or lumen) shallow(er) or short(er) or small(er) or lower;	mp4	<i>(E or L layer) (inner shape)</i>	folded or like fingers inside fold or goes deep	no folds inside; on surface;	mp5	<i>(L layer)</i>	thin(ner) or less or narrow(er)	thick(er) or more or wide(r);	mp6	<i>overall size or E (and L) layer A calculated sizes</i>	large(r) or thick(er) or wide(r)	small(er) or thin(ner) or narrow(er);	mp7	<i>different layer at base of fold</i>	<i>absent or no(ne)</i>	<i>present or yes;</i>
			feature	Fig. 2.2	Fig. 2.3																													
		mp1	(E layer) surface	rough or wavy or perforated	smooth or plain;																													
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		mp7	<i>different layer at base of fold</i>	<i>absent or no(ne)</i>	<i>present or yes;</i>																													

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		<p>Additional guidance Ignore</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tick and cross without a key • diagrams • refs. to size • 3-D descriptions such as spherical • colours/staining
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(ii)		[1]
ACE conclusion 1	[1]	<p>fold(s) or ridges or projections or villus/villi or elongated or long and thin or long spaces taste bud(s) AND idea of large surface area <i>idea of</i> moves slower or traps liquid shape or many or both sides or all round;</p>
		<p>Additional guidance Must have feature and 'how'</p>
		[Total: 18]