MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Mark scheme abbreviations:

; / R	separates marking points alternative answers for the same point reject
Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
<u>underline</u>	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
I	ignore

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1	(a)	(i)	<u>cilia</u>	; R cilla	R ciliate	d epitheliun	n mark first	on line		[1]
		(ii)	trans	sport / exc	change / A	AW, oxygen	/ carbon dio	xide; Ra	air	[1]
	(b)	ma	rk firs	t feature o	on line if n	nore than o	ne feature gi	ven unless	s nothing written	on other line
					cle; A si	mooth muse	cle cell <u>s</u>			
				ve tissue			ssue A colla			
		mu		-			astin and coll Il <u>s</u> R goblet	-	es	[max 2]
	(c)	em	physe	ema;						[1]
	(d)	1			aged / de from (a)(i		W, cilia / A ;	R killed /	dead	
		2		tissue ;						
		3				• • •	epithelial cel replaced by s	•		
		4			nlarged /					
		5			ous gland					
		6 7) muscle			haaaa nh	agaavtaa	
		8	-				; A macrop	• ·		[max 4]
	(e)	1	path	ogens / A	W, enter	from, inhala	tion / externa	al atmosph	nere / AW; R g	erms
		2				thogens ; A			-	
		3					vay (because			
		4 5					(in gas excha opportunity to		ry into cells / AW	/; [max 2]
							,	-	-	
										[Total: 11]

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2	(a) 'cel) 'cell' is not required as it is in the stem of the question				
	(i)	mac	rophage; A antigen-presenting cell R mycrophage		[1]	
	(ii)	neut	rophil; A PMN / polymorphonuclear leucocyte		[1]	
	(iii)	T-kil	ler / T_K / T-cytotoxic / T_C , lymphocyte ; A cell for lymp	hocyte	[1]	
	(iv)	men	nory B- lymphocyte; A cell for lymphocyte		[1]	
	(b) (i)	redu (illne poor	ealth / absence of well-being / abnormal condition organism); aced effectiveness of, functions / named function; AW ess with a set of) symptoms; AW A signs r / AW, physical, mental or social, well-being; A two of absence of well-being for two of the three = 2 marks		cting an [max 2]	
	(ii)	2 3 4 5 6	stable virus / virus did not mutate (frequently) ; same vaccine could be used all the time ; cheap to produce / ease of production ; used a, vaccinia / harmless, virus (so people could not able to use a 'live' virus (for stronger immune response vaccine, thermostable / AW ; A no requirement for key vaccine easy to administer ; A no need for boosters	e); A live vacc	ine [max 2]	
	(iii)	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	era up to max 4 transmission cycle is difficult to break; A described w ref. difficulty in administering e.g. refugee camp, displa poor diet, lowered immune response; more than one strain (needs more than one type of type (that causes cholera) R constantly mutating vaccine, only gives short-term protection / requiring bo antigenic concealment; qualified; e.g. organism in intestines, difficult for antib ref. (older or newer oral) vaccine, not successful for en to 90% depending on population group) protection no requirement by health authorities (for vaccine) a uthorities; AW	aced, disaster; vaccine); A r bosters; odies to reach veryone / variab n;	le (60–65% up	
		1 2 3	le cell no vaccine available ; A cannot vaccinate against sic not caused by pathogen / non-infectious / non-transmi genetic / inherited, disease / AW ; A caused by a mu affects all red blood cells so vaccine would lead to the	ssible / non-com tation	nmunicable ; [max 5] [Total: 13]	

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(a) (i)	activ	ve, transport / uptake ;		
	max	z 2		
		A diffusion gradient / from A diffusion gradient / from uires energy (from ATP);	low to high co	oncentration
		cificity / specific binding site ; A complementary shape	Э	
	conf	formational change / change in 3-D shape ; A re mechanism		kissing gate' [max 3]
(ii)	(705	S) ribosomes ; <i>ignore size</i>		[1
(iii)	amn	nonia / ammonium / ammonium ions ; A NH_3 / NH_4^+		[1
(b) (i)	two 35(%	marks for correct answer %) ;;		
		ark if correct working but not to whole number		
	90 /	255 × 100 = 35.29 / 35.3		[2
(ii)		that nitrogen removed is replaced by nitrogen added ; itrification / denitrifying bacteria ; A named bacteria e <i>Thiobacillus denitrificans</i>		s aeruginosa
	AVP	vert / AW, nitrate / nitrite (to nitrogen gas) ; ^o ; e.g. occurs, when oxygen depleted / waterlogged so volcanic action adds nitrogen	bils	[max 2
(c) 1		ease / maintain, nitrogen content of soil ; A add, amm	ionium / nitrates,	to soil
2 3		ease / maintain, soil fertility ; ike / absorption, of, ammonium ions / nitrates /fixed nit	rogen (by plants)	:
4	(plai	nts use) for, amino acid / protein, production ;		,
5	incre	eased, growth / yield, of (crop) plants ;		

- 5 increased, growth / yield, of (crop) plants ;6 ref. feeding, livestock / human populations ;
- 7 reduced need for fertilisers;
- 8 example of environmental benefit of reduced fertilisers;
- 9 cost saving from reduced use of fertilisers ;
- 10 qualified ref. to, *Rhizobium* / legumes;

[max 3]

[Total: 12]

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- 4 (a) allow points on <u>annotated</u> diagram if only diagram drawn, max 1 mark if not annotated if written response given, only use diagram (if correct) to confirm mark points
 - 1 6 carbons ; (v. 5 carbons) **A** 1 more)
 - 2 6 oxygens ; (v 4) 3
- A 2 more A 2 more
- A more *if correct diagram drawn*
- 12 hydrogens ; (v10)
- 4 5 OH groups v 3 OH groups ;
- 5 6-membered ring / pyranose ; (v. 5-membered ring / furanose)
- 6 carbon 2, OH (pointing down) / has O; (v. H pointing down / no O) AW
- 7 H and OH other way round on carbon 1; AW
- 8 H and OH other way round on carbon 3; AW

type of bond(s)	biological macromolecule
β,1-4 glycosidic	cellulose ;
α ,1-4 and α ,1-6 glycosidic	amylopectin ;
phosphodiester	mRNA ;
peptide	protein ;

R if more than one molecule in box

(c) condensation / polymerisation / esterification;

[1]

[4]

[max 3]

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(d)

	replication	transcription
1	DNA polymerase	RNA polymerase ;
2	(free activated) DNA nucleotides	RNA nucleotides ;
•	(complementary) base pairing A-T	base pairing A-U;
1	both strands, involved / act as template / AW	one strand involved ;
5	all / AW, the DNA molecule, is copied / unzips / AW	part / gene(s), copied ;
5	(two) DNA molecules produced A DNA produced	messenger RNA / mRNA / pre-mRNA , produced ;
,	molecule(s) produced are double-stranded	single-stranded molecule produced;
3	occurs, in late interphase / S-phase / prior to mitosis	occurs throughout interphase / AW;
•	important in, mitosis / meiosis A cell / nuclear, division	important in, protein / polypeptide, synthesis ;
0	AVP ; e.g. Okazaki fragments / breaking and joining (of DNA) required	mRNA produced as continuous molecule

[max 4]

[Total: 12]

	Page 8		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus 9700	Paper
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((a) (sn	nokers	s smoking) 25 and above (g day ⁻¹); <i>must be in correc</i>	t context	[1
((b) 1 2 3 4 5	incre use non- use	lemiological (evidence); ease in tobacco smoked increased death rate in, coron of data to show increasing death rate (with increased t -smoker lower death rate than smoker for, coronary thr of numerical data for non-smoker versus smoker for cancer;	tobacco smoked rombosis / lung c); ancer;
	6 7 8	no c com	clear link between smoking and cardiovascular disease ment on disease of other diseases of gas exchange sy 6 / 7) use of data e.g. non-smokers, higher death rat 15–24g / 1.58, smokers ;	ystem, 25g and a	
	9 10 11 12	othe	emales included in the survey ; er aspects of smoking tobacco not included ; of information e.g. on deaths as a proportion of the sa	mple ;	[max 4
		,,,,,	3		[Total: 5]
; (line	e to G	ucleolus labelled C ; olgi apparatus labelled D; R to vesicle itochondrion labelled E;		[3]
((b) 1 2 3 4 5 6	activ agai hydr hydr	rogen ion / H ⁺ , pumped / AW, out of companion cell ; ve / using ATP / energy requiring ; inst the concentration gradient ; rogen ion gradient build-up ; AW rogen ions, co-transport / with / AW, sucrose ; <i>in conte</i> <u>usion / facilitated diffusion</u> (of hydrogen ions and su	xt of <u>into</u> compai icrose) through	<i>nion cells</i> co-transporte
	7	<u>diffu</u>	(membrane protein); A through membrane protein <i>if</i> <u>ision</u> of sucrose into (phloem) sieve tube (cell);	cotransport air	eady used
	8	via p	plasmodesmata;		[max 4
					[Total: 7